

UNICEF Rights Respecting Schools – Saltford C of E Primary

Curriculum and Assembly themes

Term PSHE Focus PSHE Activities	Rights Area	Articles
Term 1 Relationships Class Charters	The right to join in.	<p>All children have a right to be able to give their opinion when adults are making a decision that will affect them, and adults should take it seriously. Article 12</p> <p>All children have a right to find out things, and say what they think through speaking, writing, drawing etc. unless it breaks the rights of others. Article 13</p> <p>All children have the right to meet, make friends with, and join clubs with other children. Article 15</p> <p>All children have the right to privacy. Article 16</p> <p>All children have the right to information from TV, radio, newspapers and the internet. These media should provide information that children can understand. Article 17</p>
Term 2 Relationships Anti-Bullying Week	<p>The right to be cared for.</p> <p>The right to rehabilitation</p>	<p>All organisations concerned with children, for example, schools and the health service, should work towards what is best for each child. Article 3</p> <p>Children should not be separated from their parents unless it is for their own good. For instance, if a parent is hurting their child or not taking care of them properly. Article 9</p> <p>If parents decide to live apart, children have the right to stay in contact with both parents. Article 9</p> <p>Families who live in different countries have the right to get back together and live in the same place. Article 10</p> <p>Children under the age of 16 years should not take a direct part in any conflict. Article 38</p> <p>Children who are affected by an armed conflict should have special protection and care. Article 38</p> <p>Children who have suffered in any way have a right to get help in a safe place, to help them recover. Article 39</p>
Term 3 Living in the Wider World E-Safety Week	The right to an education and play.	<p>All children have the right to an education. Article 28</p> <p>The purpose of education is to develop every child's personality, talents and mental and physical abilities. Article 29</p> <p>Education should teach children to respect their parents, their own and other cultures. Article 29</p> <p>Education should prepare children to live responsibly and peacefully in a free society. Article 29</p> <p>Education should teach children to respect the natural environment. Article 29</p>

		All children have the right to relax and play, and to join a wide range of activities. Article 31
Term 4 Living in the Wider World	The right to express yourself.	<p>All children have the right to think and believe what they want, and to practise their religion. Article 14</p> <p>Parents should help children learn what is right and wrong. Article 14</p> <p>Children who are refugees or asylum seekers in another land have the right to special protection. They have the same rights as children who were born in that country. Article 22</p> <p>Children who come from a minority group have the right to learn and use the language and customs of their families. Also to practise their own religion and use their own language. Article 30</p>
Term 5 Health and Wellbeing	The right to be protected.	<p>All children should be protected from violence, abuse and neglect, and governments should protect them. Children should not be allowed to do work that is dangerous or might make them ill, or stops them going to school. Article 32</p> <p>Nobody can do anything to your body that you do not want them to do, and grown-ups should protect you. Article 34</p> <p>No child should be punished in a way that humiliates or hurts them. Article 37</p> <p>Children under the age of 16 years should not take a direct part in any conflict. Article 38</p> <p>Children who are affected by an armed conflict should have special protection and care. Article 38</p> <p>Children who have suffered in any way have a right to get help in a safe place, to help them recover. Article 39</p>
Term 6 Health and Wellbeing <i>Drugs / Sex Education</i>	The right to a healthy life.	<p>Every child has the right to life. Article 6</p> <p>Children who are disabled, either mentally or physically, have a right to special care and education so they can lead full and independent lives. Article 23</p> <p>All children have a right to good health and good quality health care. All children should have clean water, nutritious food and a clean environment so they stay healthy. Article 24</p> <p>All children have the right to a decent standard of living. The Government should help families who cannot afford to provide a decent standard of living for their children. Article 27</p>