

# Languages Curriculum Framework

#### Intent:

Learning a foreign language is a liberation from insularity and provides an opening to other cultures. At the Futura Learning Partnership, we aim to foster pupils' curiosity and deepen their understanding of the world. We strongly believe that languages are a skill for life, and something that pupils should enjoy and find rewarding. Through learning foreign language, students also develop literacy and oracy in their own language as well as resilience and problem-solving skills.

Language learning should provide the foundation for learning further languages. We hope to expand students' cultural knowledge whilst developing their language skills.

Through language learning, pupils gain a sound understanding of the structure of their **own** language, leading to effective communication in the foreign language. Students of all abilities can benefit from learning a foreign language, supporting and enhancing their literacy learning across the curriculum.

The Languages curriculum caters for students with varied previous language learning. It enables students to build upon prior knowledge or language learning skills.

Students are well-prepared at the end of each key stage to tackle the next steps in language learning but equally, should they choose not to continue their formal language learning, they are equipped with the skills and knowledge to use in the workplace or for leisure or to further their learning.

Inclusion: Our curriculum is ambitious for all and strives to address inclusion and disadvantage in its intent and implementation

**Aims:** Underpinning the intent are key **substantive concepts** 

Listening	To be able to listen attentively and respond to familiar spoken words and phrases.
(comprehension)	To identify key points in a new context and understand simple facts and opinions, with increasing complexity, in spoken sources.
Speaking	To build up communication skills year on year until students are able to use spoken language, with increasingly accurate
(production)	pronunciation and intonation
	To initiate and sustain conversations on familiar topics and to describe incidents based on their own experiences.
	To be able to read aloud from a given text with good expression.
	To understand and be able to use transactional language.
	To give a description e.g of a town, geographical features in a country.
	To seek clarification of meaning.
Reading	To read in groups, simple playscripts, poems etc.
(comprehension)	To read and understand the main points and key details from a short written passage.
	To read and understand increasingly detailed texts in terms of vocabulary and structure and length.
Writing (production) and Grammar	To write sentences and construct texts first by using a model and then from memory using knowledge of words, text and structure.
	To use adjectives to add interest and detail to a description.
	To understand the basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied; verbs – begin to use the past/future tense, adverbs.
	To be able to identify and manipulate tenses from a selection of sentences written in the present, past and future tense.

Independence - Using reference materials	To be able to use reference materials (eg dictionaries) in order to check, edit, improve and manipulate vocabulary.
Cultural Awareness and Understanding	To promote mutual respect for and tolerance of different cultures and those speaking other languages.  To have an appreciation of the historical context of linguistic spread.

### **Disciplinary concepts:**

It becomes obvious that Languages is distinct from other subjects because it is not a discipline, there is nothing but 'substantive knowledge' to study and learn.

#### Year 3:

**Substantive Knowledge:** 

Listening	Speaking	Reading	Writing/Grammar
Listen and respond to familiar spoken	Communicate with others using	Recognise and understand some	Writing: Write some familiar simple
words and phrases.	simple words, phrases and short	familiar written words and phrases in	words using a model and some from
	sentences.	short texts.	memory.
Use a gesture, hold up a picture to			
identify specific words when listening	Use simple greetings e.g. saying hello	Read short texts and understand	Write one or two simple sentences,
to songs, poems, simple stories.	and goodbye, saying how you are	familiar nouns e.g. parts of the body,	using a model e.g. name and age to
Recognise numbers 1-20 and begin to	and asking others how they are.	animals, and simple adjectives e.g.	introduce themselves. Label an
understand numbers from 20 – 31.	Ask and answer simple questions	size, colour and a few high frequency	animal or object or something
Understand and respond to simple	about self, e.g. name and age,	verbs e.g. I like, I play. Read aloud	drawn/made – e.g. a black cat. •
classroom instructions e.g. Hands up,	birthday.	familiar words and phrases from	Complete a simple gapped text such
listen carefully, show me, close your	Express simple likes and dislikes e.g.	stories, songs and rhymes with	as a party invitation or passport.
eyes, do an action.	food and drink.	reasonable accuracy.	
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To take part in class/group activities	Demonstrating a developing vocabulary	Begin to write a few familiar words from memory and know that all attempts will be valued.
		<b>Grammar</b> : Understand some basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied.
		Begin to recognise the correct definite/indefinite to a series of familiar nouns (e.g. fruits and vegetables) with increasing accuracy. Use visual scaffolds to build phrases to show position of a few adjectives of colour e.g. a red dog, a yellow cat. Begin to understand how the negative is formed in the new language e.g.  I don't like chocolate.

Suggested key topics or suitable scheme to cover the skills outlined above e.g. Salut Sophie or Language Angels

Core Vocabulary and Phonetics to be repeated once in each year group. See Language Angels – Core Vocabulary – La phonétiqué (4 lessons covering 18 essential sounds)

Fruits/Foods A story in French: La Chenille Qui Fait des	Greetings (Unit 1 Light bulb languages) Salutations (Language	Where do you live? Rooms in the house Chez Moi (Language	Musical Instruments (Language Angels) French story: Le petit	Les Animaux (Language Angels) Story: Les Trois Cabris	Les Glaces (Language Angels)
Trous  Days of the week	Angels) Numbers (1-10)	Angels) Story: Le roi tête en l'air	chaperon rouge (Little Red Riding Hood)		

What is the Date? (Language Angels)	Age Christmas	Numbers (11-31)			
Recap 1st and 3 persons of verb with 'Je mange' and 'il / elle mange' No capitalisation for days and months Phonic focus: i sound (lundi)	Introduce concept of 'j'ai' with age as well as possession. Phonics focus: j in je and u in tu	Adjectival agreement and position Phonics focus: oi in trois and eu in deux and neuf	Adjectival agreement and position 1st and 3rd persons of verb introduced ('Je joue and 'il / elle joue) Phonics focus: gu in guitare	Je joue Du/de la etc Phonics focus: z and s sound between vowels Deux araignées	Imperatives (listen for the 'ez' sound) And u in une

	Key Vocabulary					
Use words and phrases such as:						
Je m'appelle	Asseyez-vous	Les fruits:	J'aime			
J'ai ans. J'habite à  Comment t'appelles tu?  Çava?  Quel age as tu?	Taisez-vous Levez-vous Répétez Ecoutez Regardez-moi	Une pomme Une poire Une banane Une fraise Une pêche	Je n'aime pas J'adore Je déteste Je préfère			
Les numéros 1 – 31 Les couleurs: rouge, bleu, jaune, vert, orange, violet, rose, noir, gris, marron Jours de semaine: lundi, mardi, mercredi, jeudi,	Des raisins Les mois: janvier,février, mars, avril, mai, juin, juillet, août, septembre, octobre, novembre, décembre.		Jouer du violon Jouer du piano Jouer du saxophone Jouer de la batterie Jouer de la flute			
venfredi, samedi, dimanche  Joyeux Noël Le Père Noël Un cadeau Un bonhomme de neige Le sapin	Les animaux: un chien un poisson un chat un cochon d'Inde un oiseau un serpent	Ma famille: La mère La grandmère La sœur La cousine Le père Le grandpère	Jouer de la trompette			

	un lapin une tortue une souris une araignée	Le frère Le cousin	

Year 4: Substantive Knowledge:

Listening	Speaking	Reading	Writing/Grammar
Listen for specific phonemes, words	Communicate by asking and	Read and understand familiar written	Writing:
and phrases	answering a wider range of questions	words, phrases and short texts made	Write a few simple sentences using
	and presenting short pieces of	of simple sentences and pick out key	either a word bank or model to
Pick out phonemes, words and	information	words or phrases.	describe for example a sports star
phrases in songs, stories, rhymes and		Read a wider range of words, phrases	e.g lives in London. She is 22
short texts.	Use a wider range of familiar nouns	and sentences aloud.	years old. She likes dancing.
Understand higher numbers	and adjectives to talk about	Follow text while listening and	Experiment with writing new words.
including multiples of 10 e.g. in	themselves, animals, story characters	reading at the same time.	
prices, dates, numeracy activities,	e.g. I have brown eyes. I have two		<b>Grammar</b> : Understand some basic
telling the time.	sisters and I like dancing. Ask and	Understand key points in simple texts	grammar appropriate to the
Listen to up to three simple	answer questions using a wider range	using familiar language e.g. How	language being studied:
sentences using familiar vocabulary	of question forms e.g. the time, the	many animals are in the story? What	Begin to match correctly
and answer questions and English	date, food, hobbies and to seek help	colour is the dog? What is the	definite/indefinite article to singular
e.g. How old is Nicole?		weather like in Paris? Follow a text	and plural familiar nouns.

Respond to a wider range of	in the classroom e.g. Can you say	such as a song or poem whilst	Place familiar adjectives e.g. size and
classroom instructions e.g. Open the	that again please, I don't understand.	listening to it at the same time.	colour in correct order.
window/door, I'd like 2 volunteers,	Express preference about what they	With support, begin to link phrases	Show an understanding of 1st, 2nd
put your hand up	like e.g. food, animals, colours	to make a sentence e.g. When it	and 3rd person in present tense
		rains, you need an umbrella.	singular e.g. ask and answer
		Use strategies to work out meaning	questions, Do you like cheese? Yes I
		of new words.	like

Suggested key topics or suitable scheme to cover the skills outlined above e.g. Salut Sophie or Language Angels

Core Vocabulary and Phonetics to be repeated once in each year group. See Language Angels – Core Vocabulary – La phonétique (4 lessons covering 18 essential sounds)

Presenting myself (Language Angels) Birthdays	Numbers up to 69 The Classroom Story: Eric a faim	Seasons (Language Angels)	Hobbies (in infinitive with opinions / 'je sais') Recap opinion verbs	Prepositions  Story: La piece perdue	Colours Body parts Story: Va-t'en-grand
	Christmas		Story: Antoine le Paresseux		monstre vert
Revision of je and j'ai Introduce concept of gender and agreement Phonics focus: e in février and o in octobre	Use of correct gender when describing classroom objects Phonics focus: ez in écoutez, regardez and y in stylo	Introduce the four seasons using the correct article and determiner. Phonics focus: om in automne and in in printemps	Conjugate the irregular verb faire Understand the concept of de la, de l' and du when talking about sports Phonics focus: ou in jouer	Recap opinions Recap adjectival position and agreement Prepositions Phonics focus: à in a coté de, s in sur and sous	Recap masculine and feminine nouns un and une. Phonics focus: e in tête, ain in main

	Key Voc	cabulary	
Use words and phrases such as:			
Les numéros 1-69  Les mois: janvier,février, mars, avril, mai, juin, juillet, août, septembre, octobre, novembre, décembre.  Les saisons: L'hiver = Winter Le printemps = Spring L'été = Summer L'automne = Autumn	Les animaux: un chien un poisson un chat un cochon d'Inde un oiseau un serpent un lapin une tortue une souris une araignée	Ma famille: La mère La grandmère La sœur La cousine Le père Le grandpère Le frère Le cousin	<ul> <li>La tête.</li> <li>La poitrine.</li> <li>La jambe.</li> <li>La bras.</li> <li>Le dos.</li> <li>La main.</li> <li>Le pied.</li> <li>Le visage</li> <li>Les couleurs: rouge, bleu, jaune, vert, orange, violet, rose, noir, gris, marron</li> </ul>
La météo: Quel temps fait-il? Il pleut Il fait chaud Il fait froid Il y a du vent Il fait beau Il y a du soleil  Joyeux Noël Le Père Noël Un cadeau Le sapin Un bonhomme de neige	Hobbies: Je joue: au tennis au football au volleyball aux cartes avec mon ordinateur J'écoute de la musique Je regarde la télé	Je fais: de la natation du vélo J'aime Je n'aime pas	
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Year 5: Substantive Knowledge:

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<u> </u>		Writing/Grammar
	-	Writing: Write simple sentences and
_		short texts using a model. Use a
vocabulary.	contexts Focus on correct	dictionary to check the spelling of
	pronunciation and intonation, using	words.
Seek help and clarification e.g. I don't	tone of voice and gesture to convey	
understand, can you repeat that,	meaning when reading aloud. Begin	Write three or four sentences using
how is that written?	to pick out a range of facts and/or	a word/phrase bank linked to a
Give simple instructions and	opinions from a short text.	recent area of learning such as a
directions e.g. a recipe, directions to		meal, a scene, the weather, a planet.
a place, the route to school ensuring	Begin to use a dictionary or glossary	Use simple conjunctions such as and,
comprehension of listeners.	to work out the meaning of	but, because to form more complex
Begin to understand and express	unfamiliar vocabulary.	sentences. • Change elements in a
future intentions e.g. I am going		given text e.g. ingredients, colour and
swimming on Wednesday.	Practise reading aloud a poem to	size of a planet.
Take part in conversations expressing	perform in assembly demonstrating	
likes, dislikes and preferences e.g. I	increased confidence. Read a variety	<b>Grammar</b> : Understand some basic
like water but I prefer milk.	of short simple texts e.g. stories,	grammar appropriate to the
With support refer to experiences or	poems, texts from the Internet, non-	language being studied: gender –
interests.	fiction texts, emails from a partner	masculine, feminine, neuter.
	school that contain familiar and new	
	vocabulary.	Begin to know how to form the near
		future tense e.g. I am going
		swimming on Wednesday; tomorrow
		it is going to rain. Begin to see how
		possessive articles e.g. my, his, her
		change according to gender e.g. Jane
		is my sister.
	understand, can you repeat that, how is that written? Give simple instructions and directions e.g. a recipe, directions to a place, the route to school ensuring comprehension of listeners. Begin to understand and express future intentions e.g. I am going swimming on Wednesday. Take part in conversations expressing likes, dislikes and preferences e.g. I like water but I prefer milk. With support refer to experiences or	Take part in short conversations using familiar structures and vocabulary.  Seek help and clarification e.g. I don't understand, can you repeat that, how is that written? Give simple instructions and directions e.g. a recipe, directions to a place, the route to school ensuring comprehension of listeners. Begin to understand and express future intentions e.g. I am going swimming on Wednesday.  Take part in conversations expressing likes, dislikes and preferences e.g. I like water but I prefer milk.  With support refer to experiences or interests.  Read a variety of short simple texts in different formats and in different contexts Focus on correct pronunciation and intonation, using tone of voice and gesture to convey meaning when reading aloud. Begin to pick out a range of facts and/or opinions from a short text.  Begin to use a dictionary or glossary to work out the meaning of unfamiliar vocabulary.  Practise reading aloud a poem to perform in assembly demonstrating increased confidence. Read a variety of short simple texts in different formats and in different fornation and intonation, using tone of voice and gesture to convey meaning when reading alou

	Understand the word order of familiar adjectives and apply correct endings, singular and plural, with increasing accuracy.

Suggested key topics or suitable scheme to cover the skills outlined above e.g. Salut Sophie or Language Angels

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In addition: Year 5 will repeat the same stories from Year 3 and will innovate with additions, substitutions, alterations, change of viewpont, demonstrating progression of knowledge in their use of adjectives, conjunctions, plurals, gender etc.

Recap number to 69	At the Café (Language	Les animaux	Family (Language Angels)	A l'école – different	Clothes and fashion show
Numbers 70- 100	Angels)	Unusual animals/ pets	Brothers and	locations in a school	(Language Angels)
Food revision.		Plurals Colours	Sisters		
Story: La chenille qui fait	Christmas vocabulary	Agreement of colours	(Masculine and	A Story in French:	
des trous	French Christmas songs	and adjectives J'aime / je	Feminine)	Le Roi tête en l'air	
(Innovated to include		déteste/ J'adore/ je			
adjectives or other		n'aime pas		(Innovated: e.g. The	
foods)				head teacher loses	
		A story in French:		his/her glasses and	
		Les Trois Cabris		searches different rooms	
		(Innovated by changing		around the school.)	
		the animals, including			
		adjectives)			

		Spring Traditions Revision of weather			
J'aime +infinitive,	Je voudrais + du /de	Recap adjectival	II y a / II n'y a pas de	Recap prepositions	Recap 'il y a'
préférer, mange.	la/des	agreements	Recap: Je suis / Je ne	Phonics focus: am in	Use possessive adjectives
Connectives (et and	Opinions with 'parce que	Phonics focus: ou in	suis pas J'ai / Je n'ai pas	chambre, ch in chaise, ou	mon, ma, mes.
mais)	Phonics focus: ou in	rouge, eu in bleu, an in	de J'aime / Je n'aime pas	in où est?	Describe clothes in terms
Phonics focus: es in les	voudrais	orange	II / Elle a / II / Elle n'a pas		of colour and apply
frites and th in thé			de II / Elle est / II / Elle		adjectival agreement
			n'est pas		Phonics focus: ill after a
			Je		vowel in maillot de bain

Key Vocabulary						
Use words and phrases such as:	Use words and phrases such as:					
Les numéros 1-100	Les animaux:	Ma famille:	Les vetements:			
	un chien	La mère	Un pantalon			
Au café:	un poisson	La grandmère	Un maillot de bain			
Qu'est ce que vous prenez?	un chat	La sœur	Un pull			
Je vousdrais	un cochon d'Inde	La cousine	Un tee shirt			
Un chocolat chaud	un oiseau	Le père	Un manteaux			
Une limonade	un serpent	Le grandpère	Un short			
Un coca	un lapin	Le frère	Une robe			
Un jus d'orange	une tortue	Le cousin	Une cravat			
Une tranche de pizza	une souris		Une echarpe			
Une portion de frites	une araignée		Une jupe			
Un sandwich au jambon			Une veste			
	Les animaux:					
	Un canard					

Un cochon	
Un mouton	
Un cheval	
Une vache	
Une chèvre	
Une poule	
Personalities:	
Je suis sympa, sage, timide, égoïste, cool.	
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# Year 6: Substantive Knowledge:

Listening	Speaking	Reading	Writing/Grammar
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Understand the main points and simple opinions in spoken sources e.g. story, song or passage.

Listen to longer texts. NB In Y6, children should be listening to texts read by people other than their teacher.

Understand numbers in context e.g. the year, 24 hour clock, quantities.

Use spoken language to initiate and sustain simple conversations on familiar topics and to describe incidents or tell stories from own experience including some opinions.

Understand and use numbers in context e.g. saying the year, 24- hour clock, quantities. Understand and use transactional language e.g. in a café.

Give a description e.g. of a town, geographical features in a country Seek clarification of meaning How is that written in

French/German/Spanish? I don't understand. Can you repeat that? Can you speak more loudly/slowly? Talk about the past in simple terms e.g. I ate / drank ... / drunk, the weather.

Express and justify opinions e.g. I like netball because it's fun.

Be understood with little or no difficulty.

Read aloud from a text with good expression and with confidence.

Read in groups, simple play scripts, poems, their own written work such as geographical features in a country, description of a town. Read and understand the main points and some detail from a short written passage e.g. extract from a story, weather report, poem, instructional texts or simple newspaper article.

Use the context of a sentence or translation dictionary to work out the meaning of new words.

Writing: Write sentences and construct short texts using a model. Write a few sentences from memory, using knowledge of words, text and structure. Use dictionaries to check spelling of words.

Use adjectives to add interest and detail to a description.
Use some simple adverbs to make sentences more interesting.
Make statements about what they read e.g. about sections in a newspaper (weather, what's on TV) a story, an email.

Use knowledge of grammar to enhance or change the meaning of phrases.

**Grammar**: Understand some basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied: verbs –begin to use the past tense, reinforce understanding of future tense.

Adverbs

Begin to use past tense/future tense in spoken work e.g. when giving a weather report, when describing what they had to eat that day/what they are going to eat.

	Identify tenses from a selection of sentences written in the present, past and future tense

Suggested key topics or suitable scheme to cover the skills outlined above e.g. Salut Sophie or Language Angels

Core Vocabulary and Phonetics to be repeated once in each year group. See Language Angels – Core Vocabulary – La phonétique (4 lessons covering 18 essential sounds)

In addition, Year 6 will repeat the same stories from Year 4 and will innovate with additions, substitutions, alterations, change of viewpont, demonstrating progression of knowledge in their use of adjectives, conjunctions, plurals, gender etc.

The Classroom	Verbs and Grammar	Mes Passions	A L'école	French story: La piéce	Moi dans le monde
Story: Eric a Faim	(Language Angels)	Likes and dislikes	(Language Angels)	perdue	(Language Angels)
		Giving opinions		(To be innovated)	The French speaking
	Write acrostic poems on	Sports and activities			world (links with
	a Christmas theme, using	Free time and opinions			Geography)
	a model.				French through film
		French story: (to			(French speaking Africa):
	St. Nicholas & French	innovate)			Kirikou
	Christmas traditions.	Antoine le paresseux			
					La belle Paris
					Paris and monuments

Au = à +le Recap il y a	-er verbs in 1st person	Questioning (tu veux jouer au foot?)	Prepositions	Recognition of cognates Recap 'il y a' etc	
		Responding (oui, je veux / non je ne veux			
		pas)			

Key Vocabulary
Use words and phrases such as: All of the vocabulary from previous years to revise in preparation for transition to KS3.
Revisit La phonétique to ensure the 18 key sounds are secure before moving onto Y7

Year 7: Substantive Knowledge:

Listening	Speaking	Reading	Writing
Recognise familiar key words in familiar contexts in sentences. Understand familiar grammar.	Use familiar vocabulary Vary speaking frames or models. Respond with short phrases. Copy phrases. Reproduce pronunciation of letter strings and accents. Be aware of intonation and use it to distinguish between questions and responses. Use linking words to extend sentences. Apply familiar grammatical rules in guided tasks.	Understand familiar words in short passages. Identify which words need to be checked in a dictionary. Use dictionary to find meaning of individual words. Understand familiar grammar	Reproduce spelling. Vary writing frames or models. Use linking words to extend sentences. Use familiar vocabulary. Apply familiar grammatical rules in guided tasks. Use a dictionary to vary vocabulary (nouns)

Suggested key topics or suitable scheme that covers skills outlined above:

<ul> <li>French Phonics and French Alphabet</li> <li>School subjects</li> <li>Time</li> <li>Countries and Nationalities</li> <li>New Year's Resolutions</li> <li>Technology</li> </ul>	
School subjects     New Year's Resolutions	
Time     Technology	
- Time	
<ul> <li>Likes and Dislikes with reasons</li> <li>Physical Descriptions of people</li> </ul>	
School Equipment     Characteristics and Personality	
Numbers     House	
Dates     Bedroom	
• Colours	
Christmas	
Places in Town	
Suggested grammar content by end of Yr 7	
subject pronouns	
indefinite article	
use of numbers for age and date  16	

- definite article
- avoir
- adjectival agreement m, f, pl
- possessives, mon, ma, mes
- plural nouns
- être
- present tense 'er' verbs
- il y a & c'est
- asking questions
- difference tu / vous
- opinions
- imperative via classroom commands
- intensifiers
- conjunctions
- faire
- finite verb + infinitive combining verbs
- aller + infinitive for near future
- aimer + infinitive

Year 8: Substantive Knowledge:

Listening	Speaking	Reading	Writing
Recognise familiar key words and structures in familiar contexts in short passages across a range of topics. Understand familiar grammar.	Reproduce pronunciation of letter strings, accents and other characters in unfamiliar, common vocabulary. Use intonation to express mood. Vary speaking frames or models. Use range of linking words to extend sentences giving opinions and reasons.  Produce short phrases across a range of topics, using familiar structures.	Recognise familiar key words and structures in familiar contexts in short passages across a range of topics.  Begin to deduce meaning of unfamiliar words using context.  Use glossaries, for new vocabulary.	Use familiar words, phrases and structures to produce short passage. Vary writing frames or models. Use range of linking words to extend sentences giving opinions and reasons. Use glossaries independently.

# Suggested key topics or suitable scheme that covers skills outlined above:

Suggested key topics or suitable scheme that covers skills outlined above	Additional suggested topics
Daily Routine	Christmas Shopping
Time	New Year's Resolutions
Family	House
Getting along with people	Bedroom
Physical Descriptions of people	Leisure & TV
Characteristics and Personality	Going out
Weather	
• Countries	
Holidays	

• Food	
Cafe and Restaurant	
Care and Restaurant	
Suggested grammar content by end of Yr 8	
reflexive verbs	
<ul> <li>using –er verbs</li> </ul>	
the negative	
masculine and feminine nouns	
Être and avoir	
<ul> <li>depuis+ present tense</li> </ul>	
• aller	
• faire	
<ul> <li>complex sentences</li> </ul>	
• -ir verbs	
• -re verbs	
<ul> <li>perfect tense with avoir &amp; être</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>irregular past participles</li> </ul>	
• c'était	
à + place	
• vouloir	
modal verbs	
• pouvoir	
• devoir	
<ul> <li>negative with modals</li> </ul>	
adjectival position	
• ce/cette/ces	
near future	

- comparative & superlative
- using definite article after aimer
- using partitive article
- il faut + infinitive
- de with quantities
- dialogues
- prepositions à and en
- question words
- opinions
- asking open questions
- perfect tense practice
- comparative adjectives
- ne.... jamais
- varied adjectives
- near future
- conditional mood

Year 9: Substantive Knowledge:

Listening	Speaking	Reading	Writing
Understand familiar words in new contexts and the gist of longer passages across a range of topics.  Deduce meaning of unfamiliar words using context as a matter of course.  Understand familiar grammar.	Maintain pronunciation of letter strings, accents and other characters in extended speaking. Use intonation to express meaning. Vary and extend speaking frames or models. Use wide range of linking words to extend sentences, give opinions and justified reasons. Use familiar vocabulary in a variety of contexts across a range of topics. Apply familiar grammatical rules in guided tasks.	Understand familiar words in new contexts and the gist of longer passages across a range of topics.  Use knowledge of word families and affixes to deduce meaning of unfamiliar words using context.  Use dictionary independently to find meaning of individual words.  Understand familiar grammar.	Vary and extend writing frames or models to produce extended passages. Use wide range of linking words to extend sentences, give opinions and justified reasons. Use familiar vocabulary in a variety of contexts across a range of topics. Apply familiar grammatical rules in guided tasks. Use a dictionary independently

## Suggested key topics or suitable scheme that covers skills outlined above:

Suggested key topics or suitable scheme that covers skills outlined above	Additional suggested topics
	– climate change, flooding, plastic pollution, the seas, organic
	farming, global warming, endangered species  • Film and TV
<ul><li>Environment</li><li>Healthy lifestyles</li></ul>	<ul> <li>A Trip to Paris – holiday plans, landmarks, geography, transport, accommodation</li> </ul>
	Weekend Plans
	Role play – shopping, eating out, health
	Youth culture

e plans